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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/808,706	03/14/2001	William A. McMillan	22660-0025 DIV 2	6375
25225 7590 07/18/2002 MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP		ſ	EXAMIN	VER
	Y CENTRE DRIVE		TAYLOR, JA	ANELL E
SAN DIEGO,	CA 92130-2332		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1634 DATE MAILED: 07/18/2002	8

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No. 09 808 704	Applicant(s) McMillan et al	
Office Action Summary	Examiner Taylor, J	- 1634	
The MAILING DATE of this communication	n appears on the cover sheet	beneath the correspondence address	
eriod for Reply	3	SAUTHER PONTHE MAILING DATE	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IN THIS COMMUNICATION.		MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE	
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply w 	days, a reply within the statutory min	imum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.	
Status	7 4 2		
X Responsive to communication(s) filed on	- 1-02		
This setion is EIN A		at a season moultain algorithm	
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowand accordance with the practice under Ex parte Qu	ce except for formal matters, pr o <i>uayle,</i> 1935 C.D. 1 1; 453 O.G. 2	osecution as to the merits is closed in 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
X Claim(s) /-28		is/are pending in the application.	
Of the above claim(s) 9-28	is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
		is/are allowed.	
1-8		is/are rejected.	
☐ Claim(s)		is/are objected to.	
☐ Claim(s)		are subject to restriction or election requirement.	
Application Papers			
See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Pate	ent Drawing Review, PTO-948.		
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is 🗆 approve	ed 🗆 disapproved.	
☐ The drawing(s) filed onis	s/are objected to by the Examino	er.	
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
\square The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)			
 ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED 	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11 S D copies of the priority documen	∂(a)-(d). ts have been	
☐ received.	orial Number\	·	
☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Series Code/Series)☐ received in this national stage application for the control of the control	rom the International Bureau (P	CT Rule 1 7.2(a)).	
*Certified copies not received:		• 3	
Attachment(s)	3		
Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-14	49, Paper No(s).	☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413	
Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892		Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-	
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revi	ew, PTO-948	Xother Detailed Action	
- ,	Office Action Summary		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Claims 9-28 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected group, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in Paper No. 7. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the current application presents the claims originally assigned to group III of the parent application. This is not found persuasive because, upon further review, the claims were deemed to comprise different groups, as outlined in the restriction requirement in paper #6. The groups all have different modes of operation. The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atwood (USPN 5,776,889) in view of Berndt (USPN 6,080, 574).

Atwood teaches a method for determining the characteristics of the concentration growth of target nucleic acid molecules in a PCR reaction sample. Specifically, Atwood teaches "a method of accurately determining the starting concentration of target nucleic acid molecules based on observation of fluorescence during each cycle of the PCR

process." (Col. 3, lines 21-23). Atwood also teaches "the starting molar concentration of DNA template in the unknown samples is determined by performing the same PCR under the same conditions as for the PCRS on the known standards, and recording the growth curves." (Col. 4, lines 46-49). This is done by "detecting and measuring the intensity of the signal during at least the extension portion of each of the cycles, converting said intensity to molar concentration values for each of the extension portions of each of the cycles, generating a measured curve of molar concentration of dsDNA versus cycle number from the stored concentration values...and providing a best fit of the measured curve and one or more known growth curves." (Abstract). This is done by measuring the fluorescence of the samples during each cycle of the PCR. The data were then fed to a conventional spreadsheet program in the computer for normalization and manipulation of the resulting intensity values for each well. (Col. 1). Also, Figures 1-3 show the growth curves. Atwood also teaches "One method of determining the best fit between the calculated and measured growth curves is to take the difference between the measured and calculated molar concentrations at each cycle measured, square this difference, and sum the square of the difference. Then vary the parameters to be determined to minimize the sum of the squares. Any method that gives equivalent results will work." (Col. 4, lines 58-64).

Although Atwood does teach a mathematical formula for providing a best fit curve, it does not specifically teach a derivative or a second derivative of the growth curve.

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Berndt teaches composite optical blood culture sensors, which use fluorescence decay time and fluorescence intensity that depend on a first chemical parameter, such as oxygen concentration. Berndt teaches a derivative of the growth curve for measuring a change in fluorescence. (Col. 4, description of Fig. 14. Also, Fig. 14).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply the derivative growth curve of Berndt with the teachings of Atwood. Derivatives, both first and second, were well known in the art at the time of the invention and it was well known that they were applicable to a variety of fields. It would have been obvious to use a derivative growth curve to interpret the results of Atwood because derivatives allow the viewer to more easily understand a graph and to pick out the point at which the data diverges, or in the instant case, at the point where the threshold cycle occurs. Furthermore, although neither Atwood nor Berndt teach that the peak occurs at a positive, negative, or zero point, it was well known in the art that derivatives were useful in extrapolating data into a variety of conformations.

Summary

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atwood in view of Berndt. No claims are free of the prior art.

Conclusion

Any inquiries of a general nature relating to this application, including information on IDS forms, status requests, sequence listings, etc. should be directed to the Patent Analyst, Chantae Dessau, whose telephone number is (703) 605-1237.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Janell Taylor Cleveland, whose telephone number is (703) 305-0273.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Jones, can be reached at (703) 308-1152.

Papers related to this application may be submitted by facsimile transmission.

Papers should be faxed to Group 1634 via the PTO Fax Center using (703) 872-9306 or 872-9307 (after final). The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG (November 15, 1989.)

Janell Taylor Cleveland

July 12, 2002

ETHÁN C. WHISENANT PRIMARY EXAMINER